with their comrades. Some, already placed on hospital trains, escaped and returned to their commands. Others, regalning consciousness as they were being borne away in litters, cursed their would-be rescuers and joined the scattered procession following in the train of the general.

"Viva Villa! Viva Madero! Viva El Constitution!" they cried.

The remarkable endurance of these peons and their mad obsession to return to the front greatly impressed the Americans in the train of Gen. Villa There were men with deep gashes geross their cheeks, men with great masses of flesh torn from their backs or sides, in uniforms literally soaked with blood; men with arms and legs torn and lacerated and blood-matted hair pasted over their eyes.

The wounded in the outskirts of the city were the first to receive assistance, but the small hospital corps, although

The wounded in the outskirts of the city were the first to receive assistance, but the small hospital corps, although working heroically, was totally inadequate. The dead who fell early in the assaults, or had been slain by federal shells, were buried first.

At every water car station there were groups of wounded. In plain sight of the dying the bodies of the dead were dragged into shallow trenches. It will be necessary to incinerate many of the bodies piled in the streets, as decomposition sets in rapidly here and the business of fighting requires every available man. Gen. Villa is anxious that the dead shall be disposed of immediately to avoid pestilence.

Commands Without Officers.

## Commands Without Officers.

In the course of the battle there were nstances of detachments, all of whose about, calling for new officers to lead them, failed to hear or deliberately disregarded failed to hear or desperately discrete to fall back or seek shelter. They orders to fall back or seek shelter. They dashed into barbed wire entanglements or the enemy's trenches, and were mowed down in heaps by federal rapid-fire guns. An unusual incident of Thursday's batterian at long range. They exchanged the was the meeting of two armored trains at long range. They exchanged shots like two warships, but with little armound a curve. Gomez Palacio is a railroad town, and is a network of tracks. Gen. Villa said that his hat was off to Gen. Velasco for his defense of the town. The conduct of the federals was a credit to them as soldiers, Gen. Villa said, and Gen. Velasco had proved himself a man of resource as well as of courage.

Three of Velasco's generals, it was reported, gave their lives in defense of the poorted, gave their lives in defense of the town.—Gens. Pena, Reyna and Anaya. It was reported also that Gen, Ocaranza was not considered the provided of the city from the southern section of the city from the main part of the town.

The Chenango and the Susquehanna rivers are overflowing into the lowlands about Binghamton. At Syracuse Onondaga creek is leaving its banks and flooding miles of territory. Ithaca and Schenectady also report flood conditions beyond usual spring freshet marks.

After striking out the amendment legalizing pooling the Senate today for the second time passed the bill regulating trading in cotton futures.

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The elimination of the pooling amendme to fall back, or seek shelter. They into barbed wire entanglements

# to Follow Torreon Battle.

Bringing Fall of Huerta circumstance can prevent Gen. Villa from capturing Torreon within a few hours, and that other rebels will capture Tampico in the near future, Mexican constitutionalists were confident today that the end of the Huerta

regime is in sight. They said their news indicated that Monterey and Saltillo, to the east of Torreon, are already surrounded by rebel forces, that Gen. Obregon, with a large force, is advancing rapidly down the west coast, and that advances are being made all along the line.

The latest news received by the constitutionalists from the front was that Villa's forces were fighting in the streets la's forces were fighting in the streets of Torreon, and were steadily driving the deerals back. Their information was that

## Embassy Without News.

The Mexican embassy here received no news this morning regarding the situation at Torreon. Senor Algara, the charge of the embassy, was anxiously awaiting dispatches from Mexico City, beleving that press dispatches describing Villa's advance were incorrect. The only concern over the situation at

The only concern over the situation at Torreon shown by the constitutionalists was on the question of whether Villa's force will be able to advance after taking Torreon. They feared that the stubborn resistance put up by the federals would cripple Villa, at least temporarily. Prompt clearing up of questions at issue between the constitutionalists and the administration here was expected by the rebel agents to follow the arrival at Juarez today of Gen. Carranza. It was said that the commission which investisaid that the commission which investi-gated the death of William S. Benton, the Englishman, has finished its work and is ready to report to Gen. Carranza, and that steps will be taken immediately to deal with the situation. Roberto Pes-queira, constitutionalist confidential agent

## IS CHAMPION PARENT.

Ferdinand Eglinski, German Tailor,

Father of Thirty-Five Children. BERLIN, March 28.-Ferdinand Eglinski, aged fifty-three, a tailor of Ahlbeck, is Germany's champion father. The Tageblatt, which publishes his story, says dicted for Fittsburgh, two feet that of his successive marriages with two the flood stage.

There is no flood in the Monongahela and no immediate prospect of one. Tageblatt, which publishes his story, says teen boys and seven girls.

### GETS ARMS FOR HUERTA. New Yorker Successfully Negotiates for Guns and Ammunition.

LIVERPOOL, March 28.-John Wesley De Kay of New York, former president of the Mexican National Banking Company, sailed for New York today after uccessfully negotiating in Europe on behalf of Provisional President Huerta or 240 Creusot guns and 10,000,000 rounds of ammunition. "Both guns and powder are to be dispatched to Mexico within a week from France," said Mr. De Kay. Among the other passengers on the Mauretania today were Irwin B. Laughin, secretary of the United States em bassy in London and J. R. Ferguson, who goes to the United States as representative of a big Anglo-German syndicate seeking coal fields in the United States for the supply of ships passing through the Panama canal.

Greeks Bring Back Wives From War NEW YORK, March 28 .- Forty Greek soldiers arrived here yesterday on the steamship Belvedere from Trieste and Patras. Thirty of them, who had mar-ried after the war, brought back their wives. Fourteen of the thirty had mar-ried Turkish girls whom they had met in the enemy's country. One Greek married the widow of a Turkish officer.

Capt. Orrill, Steamboat Man, Dead. NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 28.-Capt. James L. Orrill, seventy-seven, pioneer steamboat man on the Mississippi and Ohio rivers, is dead here. He was born in Jefferson, Ind., and served in the Union army during the civil war. One son. William Orrill, lives at Louisville, Ky., and another son and two daughters in Dalton, Ohio.

## Secretary Bryan to Speak.

speaker in Raleigh, N. C., April 8, at a democratic mass meeting to be held in advocacy of state primaries.

George Nuse of Mount Savage, Md., and Miss Bessie M. Clise of Milleand, Md., were married at the home of the bride Thursday.

ARE ALIKE SUBMERGED

Warm Weather of Past Few Days Has Melted Much of Snow and Rain Adds to Bad Condition.

NEW YORK, March 28.-Spring fi have set in through the valleys of the state, and already much property damage is reported. The warm weather of the past few days has melted much of the heavy snow which fell earlier in the officers had been lost, running wildly month, and this, with a steady fall of rain throughout the night, has swollen or joining other commands. Other de- all the streams, many of which are out tachments, in the excitement of the fight, of their banks, flooding the lowlands. At Troy the Hudson river has assumed flood proportions and with the water ris-

town—Gens. Pena, Reyna and Anaya. It was reported also that Gen, Ocaranza was seriously wounded.

Expect Other Victories

Expect Other Victories

The river is rising rapidly.

## Disaster Is Threatened.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 28-Towns in estern New York are threatened with a repetition of the disastrous flood of a year damage estimated at several hundred

In the lowlands of the Tonawandas people are going to and from their homes in boats owing to the overflow from the Tonawanda and Ellicott from the Tonawanda and Ellicott creeks. At Batavia the muncipal sewage disposal plant is eight feet under water. High water washed out a culvert on the Erie railroad, near Attica, last night, necessitating the dispatch of trains over the New York Central tracks. At Corning the Chemung river is ten feet above normal, and has flooded the highways west of the city. At Olean the Allegheny river has overflowed its banks and the southern and eastern parts of the city are under water.

Lowlands Are Impassable.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 28 .- Flood ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 28.—Flood conditions prevailed in the Genesee river valley today. The lowlands are already impassable, although the crest of the ficod will not reach Rochester for forty-eight hours. During the past year this city has constructed retaining walls, and a repetition of last year's damage is believed to be improbable.

River Front Dwellers Move. ALBANY, N. Y., March 28 .- The Hud-

son river is rising rapidly here, and dwellers along the river front are mov-ing to places of safety. River Breaks Over Its Banks.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 28 .- A teady downpour of rain all night inreased the gravity of the flood situaion here. Early this morning the Chenango river broke over its banks ooding the residential section of the city. The Susquehanna rose to a point at daylight which imperiled the entire central section of the city. A heavy

## Upper Allegheny in Flood.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 28 .- WI stages were reported from the upper cutions as that of Patten and associates Allegheny river today because of melting snows and last night's heavy rain. At Warren, Pa., it was rising rapidly and much damage had been done. Trolley and railroad lines were reported in trouble and a number of factories had shut down. The local weather bureau declared that this water would likely be taken care of in the stream farther south, and only twenty feet was pre-dicted for Pittsburgh, two feet under the flood stage.

Ohio Rivers Rising.

The tailor married at the age of twenty. His first wife, who died in 1907, borehim twenty-four children. In 1908 he married his deceased wife's sister, who has borne him eleven children in the last six years. Triplets came on one occasion and twins were born twice.

When his sixth son entered the army, 1913. Estinski received a private and the muskingum and Licking rivers out of their banks along the lowlands, anxiety was felt during last night of a and twins were born twice.

When his sixth son entered the army, in 1913. Eglinski received a private audience with the kaiser, who ordered him entertained in Berlin at his majesty's expense for a week.

Eglinski has become a celebrity and adds handsomely to his income as a tallor by selling picture post cards of himber and the self-based out, temporarily cut-

#### Several Hundred Margoned CHICAGO, March 28.-Several hundred

omes in Chicago Heights by a flood varying from two to seven feet in depth that submerged a low part of the suburb. Rafts were used to carry in food and bring out sick persons. Clogged sewers failed to carry off excessive rainwater. Floods in Southern Ohio. CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 28.-The Big

Miami and Whitewater rivers and other small streams in this section went on a rampage early today as the result of heavy rains of the last twenty-four hours Iwo temporary bridges used by the Cininnati. Lawrenceburg and Aurora Traccinnati, Lawrenceburg and Aurora Trac-tion Company were washed away, cutting off traffic between Cincinnati and Indiana towns along that road. These bridges were erected for temporary service fol-lowing the washing away of the struc-tures by the flood of March a year ago. Lower bottom farm lands between Valley Junction and Elizabethtown, Ohio, were also injundated. also inundated.

The rivers have receded into their banks

and further damage is not expected.

Wilkes-Barre Lowlands Covered. PHILADELPHIA, March 28.—The Susquehanna and Delaware rivers, which rise in New York state, are run-ning high today. Besides bringing down flood waters from the Empire state these rivers were greatly swollen by

these rivers were greatly swollen by the melting snow on the mountains in eastern Pennsylvania and by the steady rain that set in last night.

At Wilkes-Barre the lowlands are covered with water, and street car traffic with towns on the west side of the Susquehanna has been cut off.

The Susquehanna is also reported high at Towanda, Williamsport, Harrisburg and at other points between the New York state line and Chesapeake bay. The state water supply commission has issued a warning that the river will go above the danger line at several points tomorrow.

Jules Delahaye, a member, leaving the room and slamming the door indignantly. The committeemen were sharply divided in their views as to whether Ernest Monis, former premier, and Joseph Calllaux, former minister of finance, should be censured. It is believed M. Delahaye

will resign from the committee. A cabinet council was held today to discuss the delicate political situation brought about by the Henri Rochette scandal and the shooting of Gaston Cal mette, editor of the Figaro.

Mme. Calllaux, the assassin of M. Salmette, spent the day reading novels in

Saint-Lazare prison.

## SENATE STRIKES OUT POOLING AMENDMENT

Senator Kenyon called up his motion for reconsideration today he said he did not want to jeopardize the passage of the bill for which Senator Smith of South Carolina had labored for so many years, and upon Senator Smith's assurance that the pooling amendment would go out of the bill in the House he was going to withdraw his motion to reconsider.

Senator Borah insisted that the promise about what the House would do was unusual and suggested that the Senate itself strike out the amendment. Senator Smith of South Carolina, in addressing the Senate, said he considered the amendment not perfinent to the body of the bill and, after conference with those who urged the amendment, he was certain it would go out of the bill in the House. Then, in response to suggestions for immediate change of the bill, Senator Smith himself asked for a reconsideration, moved Senator Borah insisted that the proelf asked for a reconsideration, moved self asked for a reconsideration, moved to strike out the objectionable amendment and then moved that the bill be passed once more. This was done by unanimous consent. Senator Smith of Georgia, who introduced the amendment, offered no objection.

### Legalized Trading in Futures.

The amendment in question declared to be legal for any number of men r corporations to agree to purchase lint cotton from an exchange engaged in trading in futures and to further stipulate that the same is not to be old by or through a cotton exchange which is engaged in selling futures.

Senator Kenyon stated the amendment, in his opinion, legalized pooling of cotton, and legalized what the Supreme Court condemned as violative of the Sherman anti-trust law in the case of the United States against James A. Patten and others. Patten and associates were charged with agreeing to pool cotton and to withhold it from the New York Cotton Exchange in 1910, with a view of reaping \$10,000,000 of profits when the price of cotton advanced as a result of the pool.

Senator Kenyon, as an official of the Department of Justice, had charge of the indictment against Patten and others. which is engaged in selling futures.

who were indicted by the federal govern ment on charges of pooling cotton in 1910 with the purpose of withholding it from the market until they had reaped profits of some \$10,000.000. Senator Smith de-clared these men should have been re-garded as benefactors instead of crimi-The passage of the bill closed a long

ontest led by Senator Smith of South Carolina, for legislation against practices on cotton exchanges denounced as in-jurious to the cotton industry. Senator Smith of Georgia and Senator Ransdell of Louisiana also introduced bills. The three senators yesterday, after a two-day debate, reached an agreement upon a compromise measure, and it passed with-

## Regulation of Delivery.

Among the conditions which the measire would require exchanges to impose upon futures transactions is one providing or basic, grade and the delivery is of other grades, then the commercial difference in value between the grade deting off interurban car traffic between livered and the grade sold must be paid.

At present the New York Cotton Extended the part of the New York Cotton Extended the New York Cotton Extende At present the New York Cotton Exchange has in force a fixed difference in value of the grades. An attempt was made to require the delivery of the grade specified in the contract, but Senator ersons today were marooned in their Ransdell denounced this amendment as unduly restricting speculation and injust to the New Orleans Cotton Exchange. The bill provides that no one shall use the mail or the telegraph lines to send out ootton exchange quotations, unless the exchange adopts the specified con-tracts. The sending of such matter through the mails is made a misdemeanor unishable by fine not to exceed \$5,000 r by one year's imprisonment

## DEMAND OF MILITANTS.

London Suffragists Assert Right to Meet in Hyde Park.

LONDON, March 28.-The militant suffragettes of London today claimed the right to hold demonstrations in Hyde Park, basing their claims on the official permission given to Ulster sympathizers o hold meetings there April 4.

The Women's Social and Political Union notified the commissioner of works: "There can be no objection to the sufragettes holding a meeting in Hyde Park, since the advocates of a policy of violence and bloodshed in Ulster have been granted permission to do so. The militant society has therefore announced its purpose to make a demonstration simultaneously with that of the supporters of the Ulster orangemen."

Frederick Townsend Martin's Will. NEW YORK, March 28.-The will of vesterday estimates his estate at "more than \$500,000." The Metropolitan Museum of Art receives all the art treasures of the deceased and \$5,000 is left to the the deceased and \$5,000 is left to the Kappa Alpha Society Chapter at Union University, Schenectady, N. Y., of which Mr. Martin was a member. Private bequests include \$60,000 each to Frederick Townsend Davies and Julien P. Davies, nephews, and Ethel Davies Thatcher, a niece. Howard Townsend Martin, a brother, receives \$75,000 and is in addition residuary legates.

Loan Firm Writes Letter

CORPORATION COUNSEL ORDERS PROSECUTION

Ten of the Defendant Concerns Sign Agreement, Fifteen Others Expected to Comply.

Discovery of a letter sent out by one of he so-called "loan shark" companies criticising as "pikers" the borrowers who have availed themselves of the penalty clause in the new loan law suddenly caused the corporation counsel's office today to withdraw from the company in question the proposed compromise settlement of the illegal interest rate cases. ment of the liegal interest rate cases.

It was announced this afternoon that this concern will be prosecuted to the full limit of the law.

The case in question arose through the application of a borrower for a refund of \$2.50 in interest under the penalty clause. The company acceded to the demand.

Appears in Red Letters.

On the back of the letter accompanying the check for the amount demanded appeared the following in red letters:

"Only Eleven Pikers!"

"Of 3,721 customers on our books February 2, 1914, but eleven availed themselves of the obnoxious knave-breeding penalty clause in the loan act as affirmed by the Court of Appeals on that date. Such a pronounced rejection of a most Such a pronounced rejection of a most unjust and confiscatory provision of the law on the part of our patrons proves them to be persons of unimpeachable honesty of character, and emphasizes the reputation of this company, long enjoyed, of limiting its business to select 'risks only."

"isks only."
It is further stated that the compar It is further stated that the company "takes pleasure in advising its friends and customers that it is now offering a profit-sharing plan fo doing business which it is believed will meet the requirements of the law and enable worthy borrowers to continue in business with us as heretofore."

The letter was sent out under the signature of the president of the company.

Ten Companies Sign Agreement. Ten companies today signed the compromise agreement, and fifteen others, i

s expected, will come into the fold. This, according to announcement today, leave but the one company mentioned to be prosecuted.

The basis of settlement is that the companies shall plead guilty to first-offense informations and submit to a fine of \$100. They shall also plead guilty to the second-offense informations and agree to a fine of \$200, and a jail sentence of thirty days for the managers, with the understanding that both fine and jail sentence shall be suspended. In the event of conviction on a third charge the suspended sentence shall immediately become operative. be prosecuted.

Under the terms of the agreement the Comporation counsel's office will prepare a circular letter to be sent at once to the patrons of all the companies informing them that under the law they are not required to pay more than three-fourths of the principal of the loans. Representatives of the corporation counsel's office will check off the names on the company's books.

Resumption of Negotiations.

Compromise negotiations were called off yesterday, following a request by the money-lending concerns for more time, but they were resumed late in the afternoon. The District's legal department believes it has made a satis-

Coming to Capital Horseback.

BILLINGS, Mont., March 28.-Bearing President Wilson, Red Fox, Sitting Eagle reservation, will start Monday morning on a horseback trip to Washington, D. C. They will seek to interview Presiden Wilson for the purpose of securing the passage of a bill setting aside one day annually to be known as "Indian day." The Indians are well educated.

Costa Rican Presidency to Congress. Speaking of the presidential election recently held in his country. Seno Calvo, the minister from Costa Rica, says that no one of the candidates re ceived the necessary majority, and that in this situation the matter will have to go to congress, which meets in regular session the 1st of May next.

## FRANK W. BIRD STRICKEN IN HOTEL IN CINCINNATI

CHANCE TO SETTLE Special Agent for Department of Labor Dies a Few Hours Later. Labor Dies a Few Hours Later.

> Frank W. Bird. a veteran governmen mploye, died yesterday morning in Cin cinnati, Ohio. He was on a trip in his official capacity as a special agent of the bureau of labor statistics, Department of Labor, when he was suddenly stricken at the Palace Hotel, in Cincinnati, where he died a few hours later.

He was a native of Boston, Mass., and came into the government service in 1883 as a special agent of the census bureau and was afterward transferred to the War Department and later to the Department of Labor. In the latter office he served twenty-three years, the greater part of the time in the capacity of special

Well Known in Musical Circles. In his earlier life he was well known in musical circles, as he was for many

years a member, and later the manager, of the Schubert Quartet. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity, holding membership in Potomac Lodge, No. 5, F. A. A. M., and Mount Vernon Chapter, No. 3, R. A. M. A wife and two sons, who live in this city, and a daughter, residing in Dorcity, and a daughter, residing in Dor-chester, Mass., survive.

The funeral will be private and will occur at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow from his late residence, 1351 Parkwood place northwest.

PRISON FOR I, W. W. LEADER.

Frank Tannenbaum Sentenced One Year and Fined \$500.

NEW YORK, March 28.-Frank Tannbaum, the youthful Industrial Workers of the World leader, who recently led crowd of between 200 and 300 homeles men into New York churches, where he lowers, last night was found guilty of participating in an unlawful assemblage. The jury deliberated about an hour Immediately after the verdict was found Judge Wadhams sentenced Tannenbaur to one year in the penitentiary, and in addition imposed a fine of \$500, or one day for each dollar not paid.

Before the case went to the jury Tan-nenbaum told his story on the stand. He admitted he had led his "army of unemployed" into the churches, and that on the evening he and the "army" invaded St. Alphonsus' Catholic Church he had addressed a large crowd in Rutgers Square. He denied there was disorder in the church. On cross-examination Tannenbaum said his occupation was that of a bus boy or waiter's helper; that he is twenty-one years old, had been in this country nine years, and was not a citizen of the United States. nemployed" into the churches, and that

## TAKES RECESS FOR CHAT.

Senate Adjourns Ten Minutes to Accommodate Mr. Reed.

Senate took a ten-minute recess today to enable Senator Reed to hold a little chat with Senator Gronna. The latter asked unanimous consent for consideration of a bill for the relief of settlers on the Fort Berthold Indian reservation in North Dakota.

"I move we take a recess of ten minutes to enable the gentlemen to confer." suggested Senator Overman.
Vice President Marshall had been
pounding vigorously for order during
the norning. He put the question
quickly and declared the motion carried.
Senator Reed had no objection to consideration of the bill after the unprecedented recess, and the bill was
passed.

## PREPARE FOR MINE STRIKE.

Railroads and Manufacturing Concerns Are Storing Coal. WHEELING, W. Va., March 28.-An-

Calls Patten a Benefactor.

The pooling amendment, introduced by Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, was advocated by him to prevent such prosecommenced to store coal

John Zalenka, secretary of the Pittsburgh Vein Operators Association, with headquarters here, is authority for the statement that in addition to the difficulties presented by the new run of mine law in Ohio, the miners of this subdistrict have presented additional de-mands that make settlement almost impossible by April 1. Suspension will af-

Mr. Baldwin Corrects Statement. W. H. Baldwin, chairman of the citizens' committee which worked for the passage of the "loan shark" law, called attention today to a typographical error in a statement by him published in vesterday's Star, showing the high rates of interest paid by some borrow-ers. Mr. Baldwin cited a case in which interest was to be paid at the rate of 149 per cent per annum, but as the statement appeared the rate was given as 49 per cent.

Cause The Evening Star with its ONE EDITION is believed to have double the combined paid circulation in Washington of the two afternoon

## Effect

editions of its evening competitor.

The Star frequently prints more advertising than all three of the other daily papers com-

## WEEKLY CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

Manual Committee Control Control	
	1914.
Saturday,	March 21
Sunday,	March 2250,977
Monday,	March 23
Tuesday,	March 24
Wednesday,	March 2570,707
Thursday,	March 26
Friday,	March 27
The state of the s	

## AFFIDAVIT.

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING AND SUNDAY STAR circulated during the seven days ended March 27, 1914—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or snailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers—and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or do not remain in the office unsold, except in the case of papers sent to out-of-town agents only, from whom a few returns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

FLEMING NEWBOLD,
Business Manager,

Business Manager, The Evening Star Newspaper Company. District of Columbia, ss.:
Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-eighth day of March, A.D. 1914. E. E. RAMEY. Notary Public.

# FOR LAUNDRY WORKERS

Proposes That Laundry Work Shall Be Sent in Latter Part of Week.

Send laundry work to the laundries the latter part of the week, instead of

Monday. That was the plea made in a resol tion adopted by the Federation of Wom-en's Clubs of the District at a meeting held at the Public Library today under the auspices of the Housekeepers' Allision of the resolution that the enforce ment of the eight-hour law for woman workers would cause a congestion in the laundries unless something is done to "even up" the work that comes in.

Miss Anna Anderson, a representative of the Tolman laundry, explained that

he general custom of having washing lone Mondays had resulted in the large majority of persons sending their work Mondays. As there is no work to be done until the solied line is collected, the workers stand about idling their time until the laundry wagons return, thereby wasting several hours. This also necessitates the laundry being returned on or before Saturday, and consequently the latter part of the last day of the week is usually now a time for a holiday. The result in the past has been that in the middle part of the week the workers had to work overtime and on Saturdays had but little to do. najority of persons sending their work

Midweek Congestion.

With the eight-hour law now in effect preventing the working of more than eight hours in any one day, this would mean a congestion in the middle of the week, said Miss Anderson. It was pointweek, said Miss Anderson. It was pointed out that many householders could change the day of sending their laundry without great inconvenience, and that this would be of great assistance to all the large laundries, making the work uniform throughout the week.

Mrs. R. Thomas West introduced the resolution favoring this step by householders. She also gave similar reasons for the adoption of the resolution.

Steps taken in the campaign against

for the adoption of the resolution. Steps taken in the campaign against flies by the Housekeepers' Alliance were described by Miss Georgia Robertson, She explained that posters descriptive of the life of the fly had been sent to all public schools in the District and to many other institutions, including the branches of the Associated Charities. Small pamphlets urging all to "Swat the Fly" have also been distributed throughout have also been distributed throughout the city, she said. Miss Robertson also described the campaign which the House keepers' Alliance had made for wrapped

#### Asks Pure Food Aid.

That all housekeepers should aid in en orcing the pure food laws and the reguations governing the proper measurement of food products, was the belief ex-pressed by Miss Ellen Marshall Rugg. She told her auditors of the numerous regulations now in force here. Mrs. W. D. Bigelow spoke of the school for training domestics which the alliance plans to start in the near future. Mrs. Harry L. Keefe of Nebraska spoke briefly, urging as many Washington members of the Federation of Women's Clubs as possible to attend the blennia convention of the general federation soon to be held in Chicago.

## SOCIAL WORKER IN TROUBLE.

Joseph Cronin Accused of Contrib uting to Woman's Delinquency.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 28.-Police today arrested Joseph Cronin, twentyfour, charging him with contributing to the delinquency of Edith Schubert, seven-teen, Brookfield, Ill., social worker, who was found here yesterday after she had disappeared from Chicago March 18.
The police charge is that Cronin took the girl to his rooms on the night of March 26, after she had first applied to the Y. W. C. A. for aid. The officers are still hunting another man, who is wonted. still hunting another man, who is wanted for luring the girl to Cleveland from The Schubert girl is being held under guard at the Y. W. C. A.

## SCHOOL TEACHER MURDERED. Left Boarding House to Mail Letter

and Failed to Return. LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., March 28,-The body of Miss Lydia Beecher, a high found in a clump of bushes on the outskirts of that town today. She had been murdered with a knife, apparently after having been attacked.

The young woman left her boarding house last night to mail a letter at the village post office. When she did not return search for her was begun, but it was not until today that Henry Fitch. a farmer, driving along the road sighted the body. Miss Beecher was twenty-one years old. The authorities took a man into custedy as a suspense. Mr. Muddiman, the treasurer of the organization, said today that the new organization probably will design and distribute a button similar to the button distributed just before Christmas by the "Spugs." T. Carlyle Crump, a member of the board of governors of the Christian Endeavor Union, said that while no meeting of the board had been held to decide whether the new organization should be launched, all members of the Christian Endeavor Union would support the "Speds," because the need for such a society, he declared, is obvious. into custody as a suspect.

## TO BE GUESTS AT SMOKER.

Baltimore Press Club Invites Presi

dent and Secretary of State. Edward W. Creecy and James H. Berner, members of the board of governors of the Baltimore Press Club, called at the White House and the State Department this morning, bearing invi-tations from the club to President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to attend a "smoker" to be given on the roof garden of the Emerson Hotel in Baltimore

of the Emerson Hotel in Baltimore April 16.

The invitations will be placed before the President and Secretary Bryan Monday morning. The club has made extensive preparations for the "smoker." Cardinal Gibbons, former Secretary of the Navy Charles J. Bonaparte and other prominent men, who are members other prominent men, who are members of the organization, are expected to be

### POLICE BLACKMAIL ALLEGED. Head of Vice Squad at Frankfort-

on-the Main Suspended. FRANKFORT - ON - THE - MAIN. Germany, March 28.—Commissioner Schmidt, head of the police department for the suppression of vice, was suspended today

on charges of blackmailing. Investigation of charges that the 'morals police' had been secretly receiving money for the protection of disorderly resorts, have been in progress in several cities for months. Schmidt was implicated in the scandal by the testi-mony of a woman who revealed an ex-tensive system of blackmail by the police.

## R. E. HOGAN IS ASPHYXIATED. Death Believed Due to Defective

Gas Heater. Believed to have been accidentally asphyxiated, R. E. Hogan, father of Dr.

R. L. Hogan, a dentist of 933 G stree northwest, was found dead in his room at 20 Grant place this afternoon. The proprietress of the house went to the room occupied by Mr. Hogan on the third floor this afternoon and endeavored third floor this afternoon and endeavored to enter. She discovered a key on the inside and also detected the odor of gas. A policeman was summoned and discovered Mr. Hogan lying on the bed. Dr. Ready was called from Emergency Hospital with the ambulance, and he said death had occurred about two hours before.

The police took charge of the body and notified Dr. Hogan of his father's death. The gas escaped from a defective stop-cock on a small gas heater, it was

## RATE PLEA BY WILLARD.

PRESIDENT UPHELD Railway Magnate Argues for Increase-Barrett Discusses Mexico. BY SENATOR OWEN PITTSBURGH, March 28.—Daniel Wil-ard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and chairman of the president's ittee of railroads in official classification territory, at the annual dinner of the Traffic Club of Pittsburgh last night

"SPUG" HAS A LITTLE

SISTER NAMED "SPED"

Society for the Prevention of Easter

Desecration Is Launched

"Spug" has a little sister. Her name

"Sped," and she is to be an "Easter

Greeting, 1914," of the Christian Endeav-

or Union of Washington, according to a

ganization, said today that they have not yet heard officially of the proposed "Society for the Prevention of Easter Lesecration," but that if Mr. Holmes has started such a society they are "Speds"

The Official Announcement.

Mr. Holmes could not be found today

out his office in the Bond building sent

"Believing that the real meaning of

Baster time is often lost sight of these

days by reason of the popular craze for

new and fashionable clothing at this par-ticular season of the year, the District of Columbia Christian Endeavor Union is proposing to all Endeavor societies com-prising the union, and to the Christian

people of the community generally, a new society, the 'S. P. E. D.', meaning the 'Society for the Prevention of Easter

Signatures to Be Sought.

deavor society in the District of Colum-

bia have a committee obtain on legal size

the society and of the church, if possible

as members of this new society.

paper the signatures of all members of

"To every one paying 5 cents to the

forward, through the committees, a beau-tiful little token of membership in the 'S. P. E. D.'"

IMPORT AND EXPORT TRADE.

Character of Commerce.

American people is indicated in a state-ment today by the Department of Com-

merce on the notable features of the im-

port and export trade during the fiscal

year 1913 compared with the trade of

earlier years. It is shown that agricul-

tural products, which formed, in 1880,

84.3 per cent of the total domestic ex-

ports, were, in 1913, 46.1 per cent of the

total. Exports of manufactures, exclu-

sive of foodstuffs, which were, in 1880, 14.78 per cent of the total, were, in 1913,

14.78 per cent of the total, were, in 1913, 48.8 per cent.

According to the department, the transition of the United States from an exporter of natural products to an exporter of manufactures has been a steady movement during the last third of a century. Crude foodstuffs which formed, in 1880, 32.3 per cent of the exports, gradually diminished and were, in 1912, but 4.6 per cent of the total. In 1913, however, their percentage was alightly larger.

ever, their percentage was slightly larger.
7.49 per cent, due to a large wheat crop and unusually heavy exports of that

commodity.

Exports of agricultural products during the fiscal year 1913 aggregated 1,185.1 million dollars and exports of manufactures considerably more than \$1,000,000,000.

Changing character of the commerce of

littees the Endeavor Union will

ddiman, the treasurer of the or

out the following announcement:

rganization today.

Says National Honor and Naargued for higher freight rates, and John Barrett, director general of the Pantional Policy Are Against American Union, sounded a note of warnng in connection with the Panama canal Free Canal. Present at the dinner were many rail road executives from New York, Chicago and other transportation centers.

Discussing the Mexican situation, Mr. Barrett said he did not want to be considered as speaking for President Wilson. "But," he continued, "the seventy millions of people in Latin America look upon possible intervention by the United States as the United States looked upon possible intervention by Europe during our civil war. They ask us to remember that such intervention would require an expenditure of a million dollars a day by an army of 300,000 men fighting in a warfare that would make every American sad. They ask us to remember that such intervention would not be a war actuated by the high ideal of patriotism. And so I say, if we ever have war that will involve the saving of our homes and our country from an oriental foe, we have got to have the people of Latin America on our side. And I hope you will go out from this gathering firmly in favor of the sensible policy of watchful waiting." and other transportation centers. **BORAH RAISES A STIR** 

ON DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM O'Gorman Resents Statement That Baltimore Convention Committee

Rushing to the defense of the President n his demand for the repeal of the clause f the Panama canal law permitting the free passage of American coastwise ves sels, Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, in the Senate, yesterday, answered

Made a Mistake

the critics of the administration "The President of the United States, in requesting Congress to repeal the statby citizens of the United States from payment of tolls through the Panama canal, is justified by economic justice, by national honor and by political wisdom.

said Senator Owen, emphatically.
"Ninety millions of our people have
taxed themselves to build this canal at an expense of over \$350,000,000, and there is no equity or economic justice in the selfish insistence that a small number of persons with money in-vested in steamboats in the coast trade should not, when they use this inter-national canal, contribute their pro-rata part of the cost of maintenance and interest.

### Built by All the People.

"Ninety millions of Americans have ent made by members of that been exceedingly patriotic in building this canal needed by the nation, and "Sped" has been named for the first; now less than 9,000 shipowners on the letters in the principal words of the Atlantic and Pacific coast line are de-"Society for the Prevention of manding as a right the use of this Easter Desecration." In the same way canal without paying for the cost of

that "Spug" came into the world at Christmas time to bring about, if possible, the prevention of useless giving, so "Sped" has now arrived on the scene to prevent, if possible, the decking of one's self with Easter finery to the exclusion of the devotional spirit.

The idea of the new organization, which is to be composed of members of the The idea of the new organization, which is to be composed of members of the Christian Endeavor Society and all church-goers and others whom the Christian Endeavorers may succeed in enrolling, is said to be that of Rexford L. Holmes, president of the District of Columbia branch of the Christian Endeavor Union. Walter F. Witlow, secretary, and Allan C. Muddiman, treasurer, of the organization, said today that they have not yet heard officially of the proposed "Society for the Prevention of Easter" Pauncefoic treaty did not permit the free

obligations. He insisted that the May-Pauncefote treaty did not permit the free passage of American coastwise vessels. In support of this he said: "When the first draft of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was submitted to the Senate, Mr. Bard of California, Decem-ber 13, 1900, moved to substitute the fol-lowing:

ber 13, 1900, moved to substitute the fol-lowing:

"The United States reserves the right in the regulation and management of the canal to discriminate in respect of the charges of traffic in favor of vessels of its own citizens engaged in the coastwise

trade."
"And the Senate of the United States not only did not give a two-thirds vote in favor of such discrimination, but gave almost a two-thirds vote against it.
was deefated by 43 nays to 23 years."

Sharp Debate Follows Speech.

A sharp debate followed Senator Owen's Desecration.

"The members of this society pledgo hemselves not to wear any new article of clothing at any time, beginning with Palm Sunday, until after Easter Sunday.

"The Endeavor Union believes that this movement will vastly increase the calm, devotional spirit of the Easter season and serve to check a growing tendency on the ddress. Senator Borah read the last paragraph of the democratic platform. tradistinction to the promises of the republican party, were made to be kept. serve to check a growing tendency on the part of the American people to make the Easter festival a time for the showing of fashionable clothing. considerable pleasure in the reading of

this enunciation of the democrats Senator Owen replied that the plank in the democratic platform in favor of tolls exemption was not in accordance with democratic principles, and that if a mistake had been made by the drafters of the platform, it did not follow that the entire democratic party should fall into

that mistake.

This aroused Scuator O'Gorman, democrat, and a leader in the fight against the repeal of the tolls provision. He showed that the platform had been reported to the convention in Baltimore b. Senator Kern, the democratic leader of the Senate; that it had been adopted unanimously, and that a number of der cratic senators, as well as William Jen-nings Bryan, Secretary of State, had been members of the platform committee.

## CIVIL SERVICE CHANGES.

Interior Department Appointments, Promotions, Transfers, Etc. The following changes in the personnel

of the Department of Interior were an ounced today: Probationary appointments-Patent office: Paul Milton DeHart, Pennsylvania \$720; John W. Meranda, Ohio, \$720. Ora L. Rothbone, Indiana, \$720. Geologi-cal survey: Jacob B. Spiegel, Michigan, Statement Showing Changing \$1,060. Reclamation service: Carroll W. Joslyn, Idaho, \$4 per day, while actually employed. Bureau of mines: Sidney H. Katz, New Hampshire, \$1,500.

Reinstatement-Patent office: Newton Landon, Pennsylvania, \$720. Promotions-General land office: Philip S. Stebbins, Maryland, \$300, to clerk, \$1,000; Miss Florence A. Sawdon, South \$1,000; Miss Florence A. Sawdon, South Dakota, \$720 to \$900; Mrs. Sarah H. Wilson, Kansas, \$720 to \$000. Patent office: James S. Turp, New Jersey, \$480 to \$000. Transfers—Patent office: Ronald M. Holmes, Pennsylvania, to Treasury Department. Reclamation service: Victor G. Croissant, Washington, to Treasury Department.

Resignations—General land office: Miss Maud Stinson, Louisiana, \$1,000. Pension

Resignations—General land office: Miss Maud Stinson, Louisiana, \$1,000 Pension office: Frank W. Peterson, Michigan, \$1,200. Patent office: Willard L. Pollard, Illinois, \$1,500: Samuel G. Barton, Pennsylvania, \$200. Reclamation service: Walter A. Stebbins, Colorado, \$2,460.

P. V. De Graw Reported Better.

The condition of P. V. De Graw, former assistant postmaster general, has been ill at his home, 210 Maryland avenue northeast, for several weeks. was said to be somewhat improved this afternoon. He is still confined to his

## BOY SCOUT TAG DAY Saturday, April 4, 1914

To secure funds to maintain the Boy Scout movement during the next rear the Boy Scouts will sell tags Saturday. The annual expense of the Washington organization is \$5,800. This will be met by tag day receipts and from subscriptions by public-spirited

Salaries-Scout commissioner, utenographer, elerk and assistant ... Office supplies, printing, postage, storage, repairs, insurance. Completion of equipment at camp, including new mean hall and water supply. Fifty-six-acre site donated to Washington

citizens, and includes the following frems: